

Biobased products: a real opportunity for ensuring a sustainable development in the Mediterranean region

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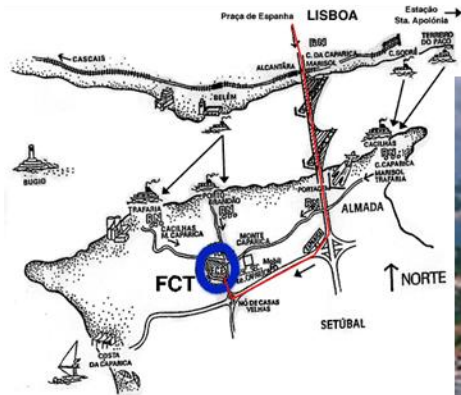
MeTrics

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FCT-UNL, Lisbon, Portugal

❖ *campus* - located in Monte de Caparica

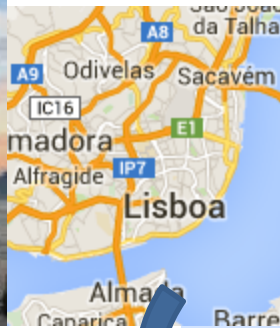


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3rd JATROMED Workshop, Alexandria, 10th March 2015



⇒ *development of commercially viable
“green products” based on natural
resources (e.g. biomass)*

⇒ *directed to a wide range of
applications*

⇒ *increased importance!!!!*



Why?

Opportunities/Barriers

- ✓ **Environmental**
- ✓ **Economic**
- ✓ **Social**
- ✓ **Technological**
- ✓ **Political**



Biomass

- ✓ offer advantages
 - ❖ **renewable**
 - ❖ reducing the dependence on non-renewable resources
 - ❖ **biocompatible with existing systems**
 - ❖ **ex: biodiesel/diesel**



Biomass

- ✓ offer ecological advantages over fossil resources
 - ❖ lower environmental impacts
 - ❖ as fossil fuels
 - ❖ reduction of GHG emissions
 - ❖ biomaterials
 - ❖ biodegradable - end of the technical life



Biomass

- ✓ offer social-economic advantages
- ✓ production of biomass
 - ✓ sustains employment and income
 - ✓ in many regions,
 - ✓ including rural areas



Political support

- ✓ **Extremely important**
 - ✓ Subsidies/legislation
 - ✓ linking farmers with industrials
- ✓ **Brasil with ethanol**
- ✓ **Miscanthus in England**

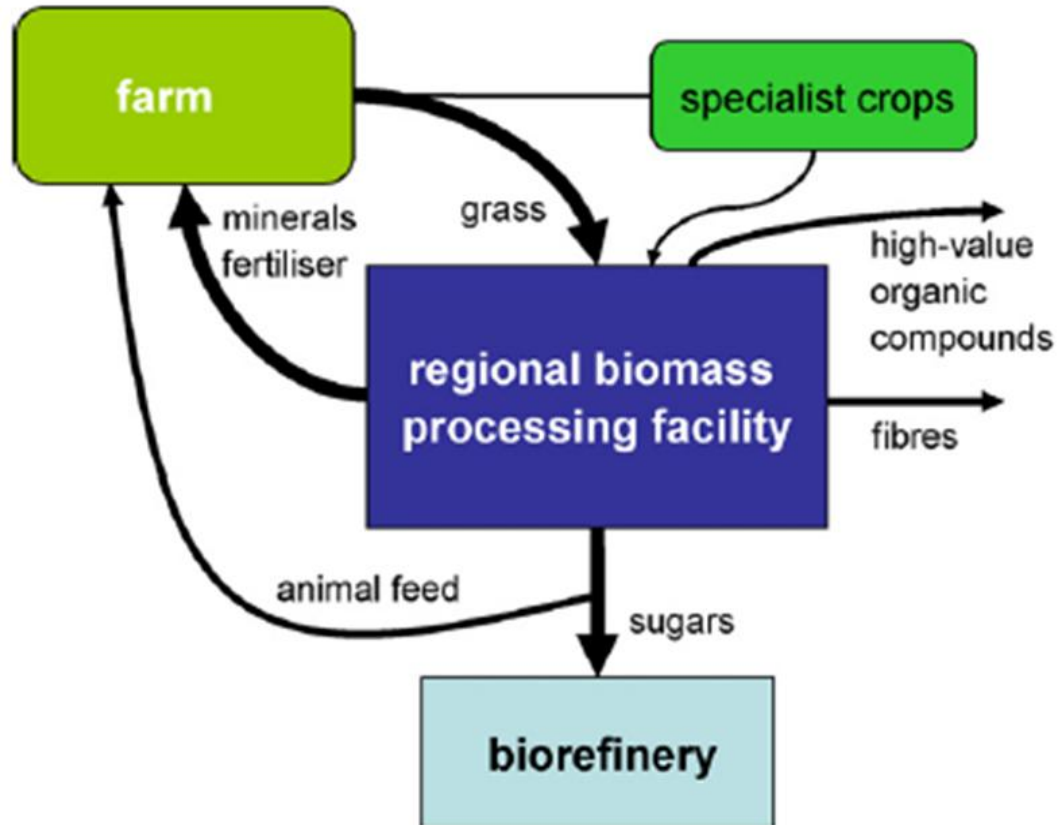


Political support

- *Norway is considering to give tax incentives to bio-based products as the first country in the world*
- *In December 2014, the Norwegian parliament decided to evaluate different options of tax incentives for bio-based polymers – e.g. introduce a new tax on fossil CO2 content in polymers, which is not taxed today.*
- *This will be a market pull for the bio-based economy:
.use of more Bio-PET in bottles*



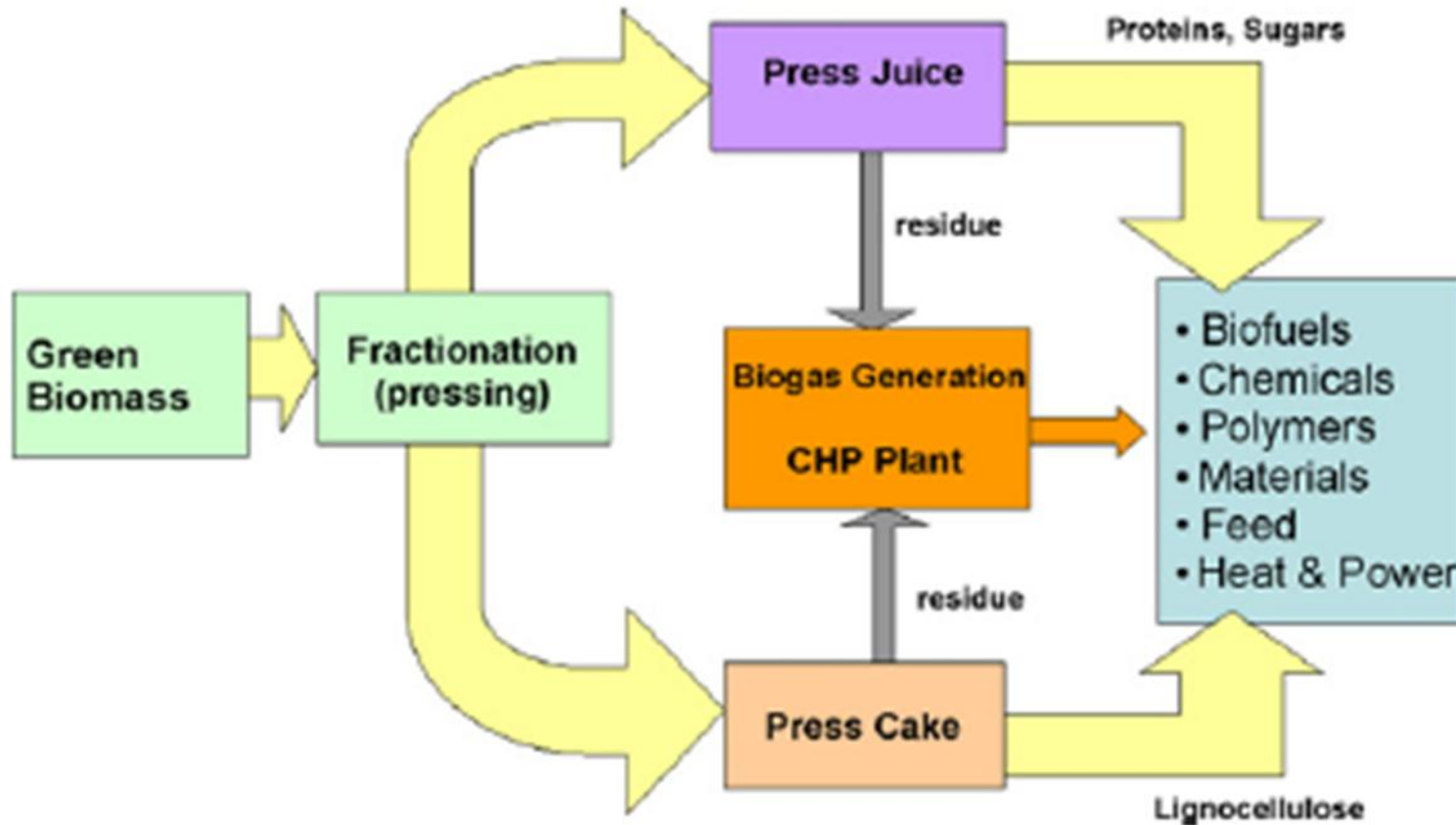
Concept



Regional Biomass Processing facility

(CI-KTN, 2008)

Concept

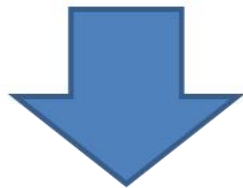
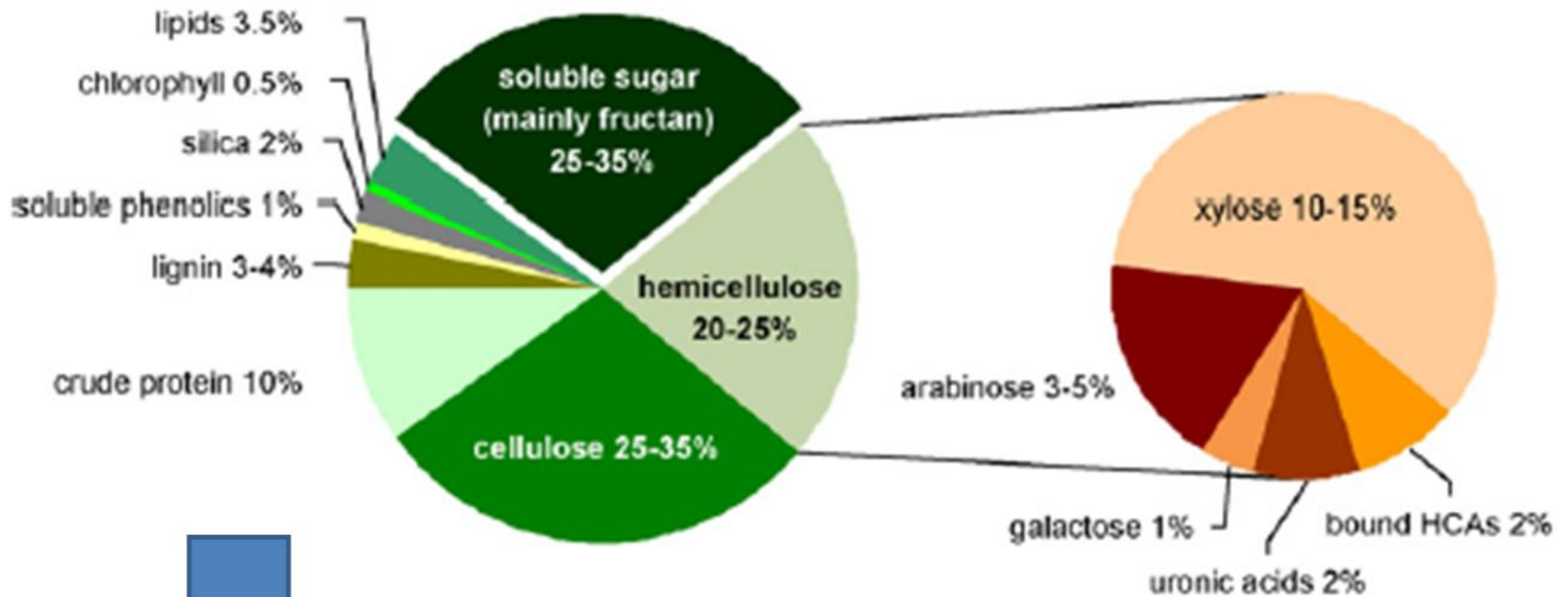


The green biorefinery for processing green biomass

(NNFCC, 2007).

Concept

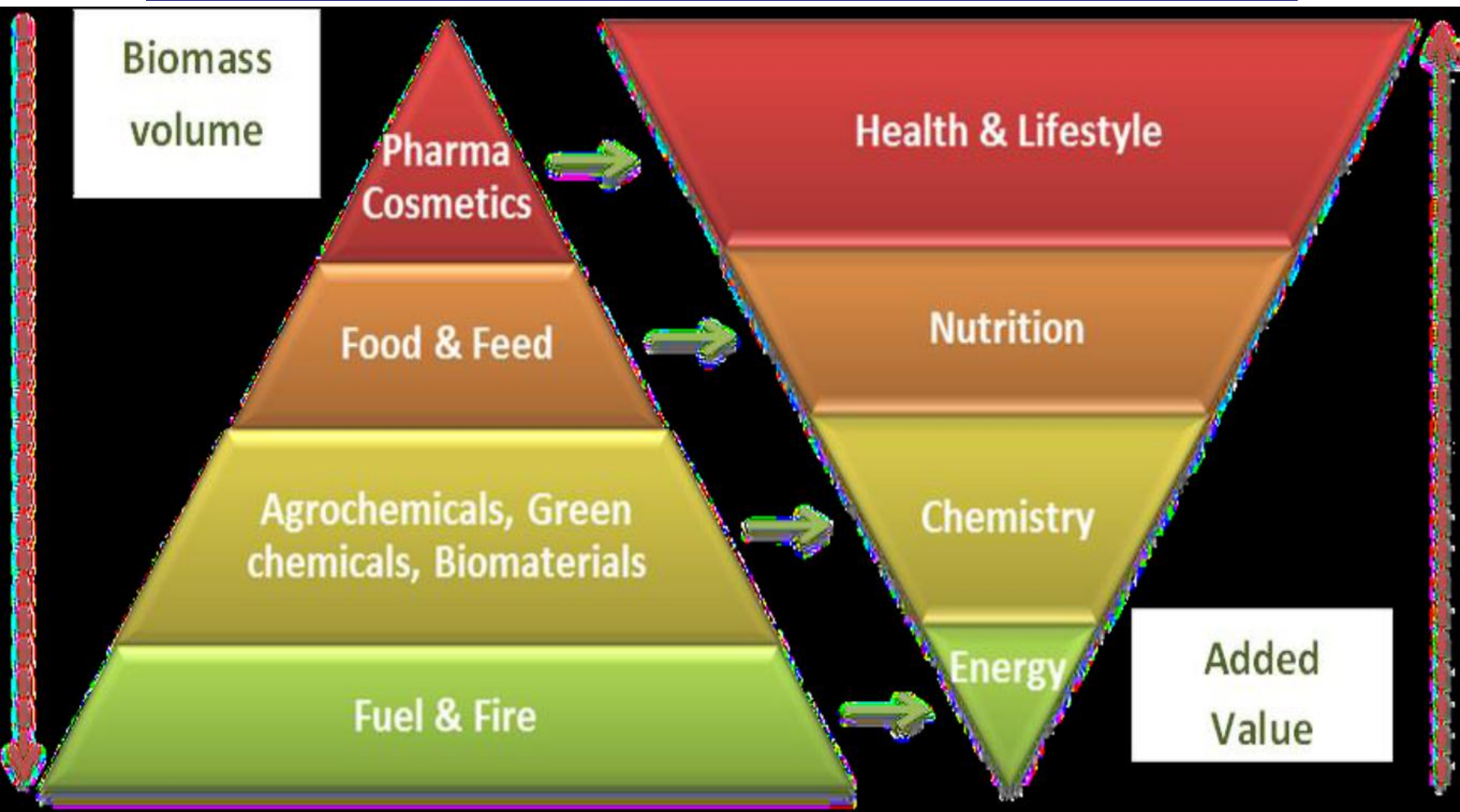
Composition of leafy perennial ryegrass



What can we do with this?

(IBERS, Aberystwyth University).

Concept



But....

- ✓ **What if there is an increasing demand for biomass?**
 - ✓ **intensive use of land**
 - ✓ **pressure on natural resources**
 - ✓ **Biodiversity/water/soil**
 - ✓ **Increment of agrochemicals**
 - ✓ **increased competition for land**



So...how to solve this?

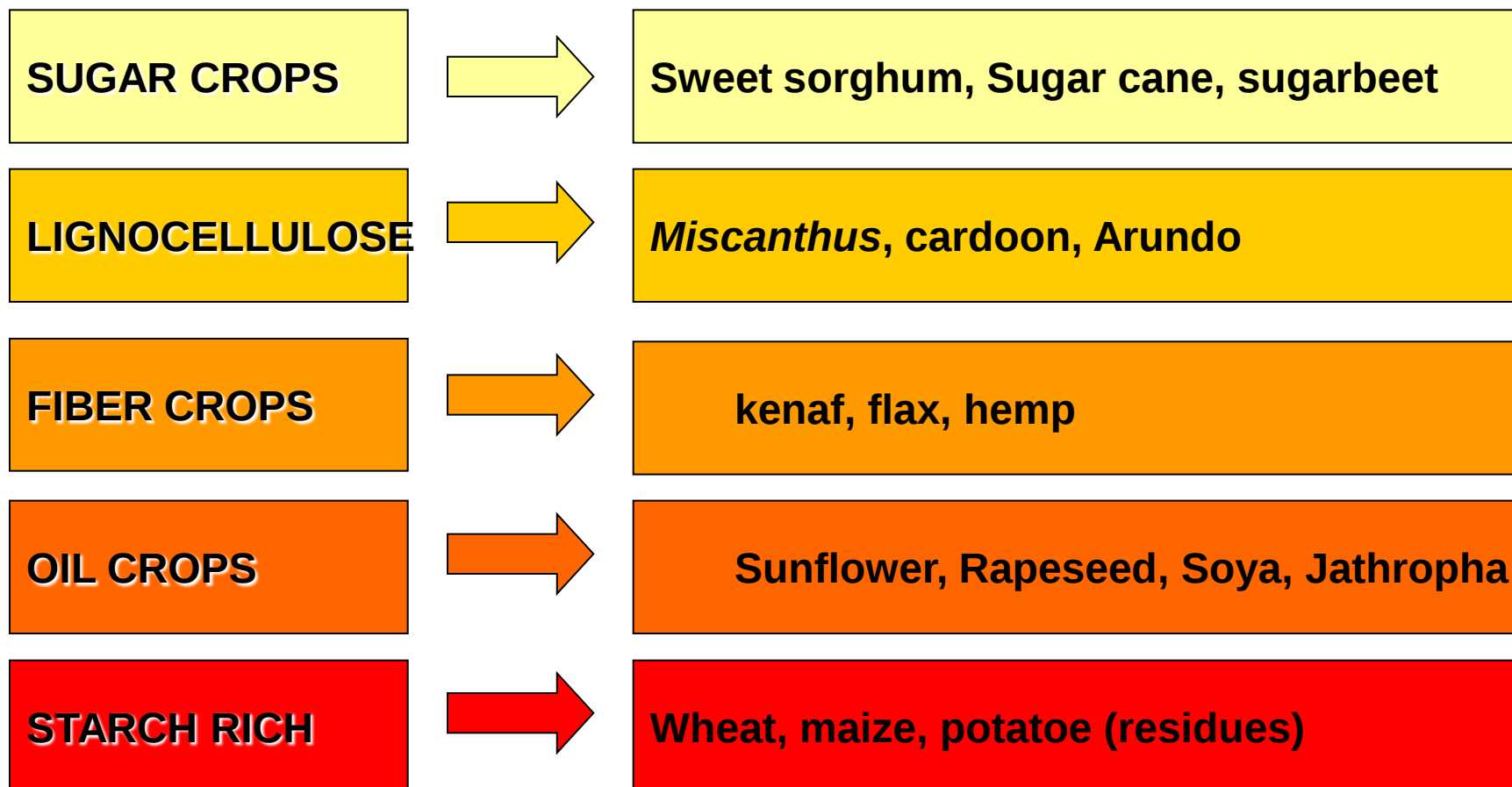
- ✓ **Use of residues**
 - ✓ **Wastes from agro-food technologies**
- ✓ **But not enough**



Dedicated crops - Which crops?

- ✓ **Non-food crops**
- ✓ **Tolerant crops to marginal land**
 - ✓ to limit the ethical issues associated with competition with food crops
- ✓ **Low input requirements (fertilizers, pesticides, water, etc)**
 - ✓ To limit emissions (GHG, acidifying, eutrophication) and use of resources (energy, water, mineral)

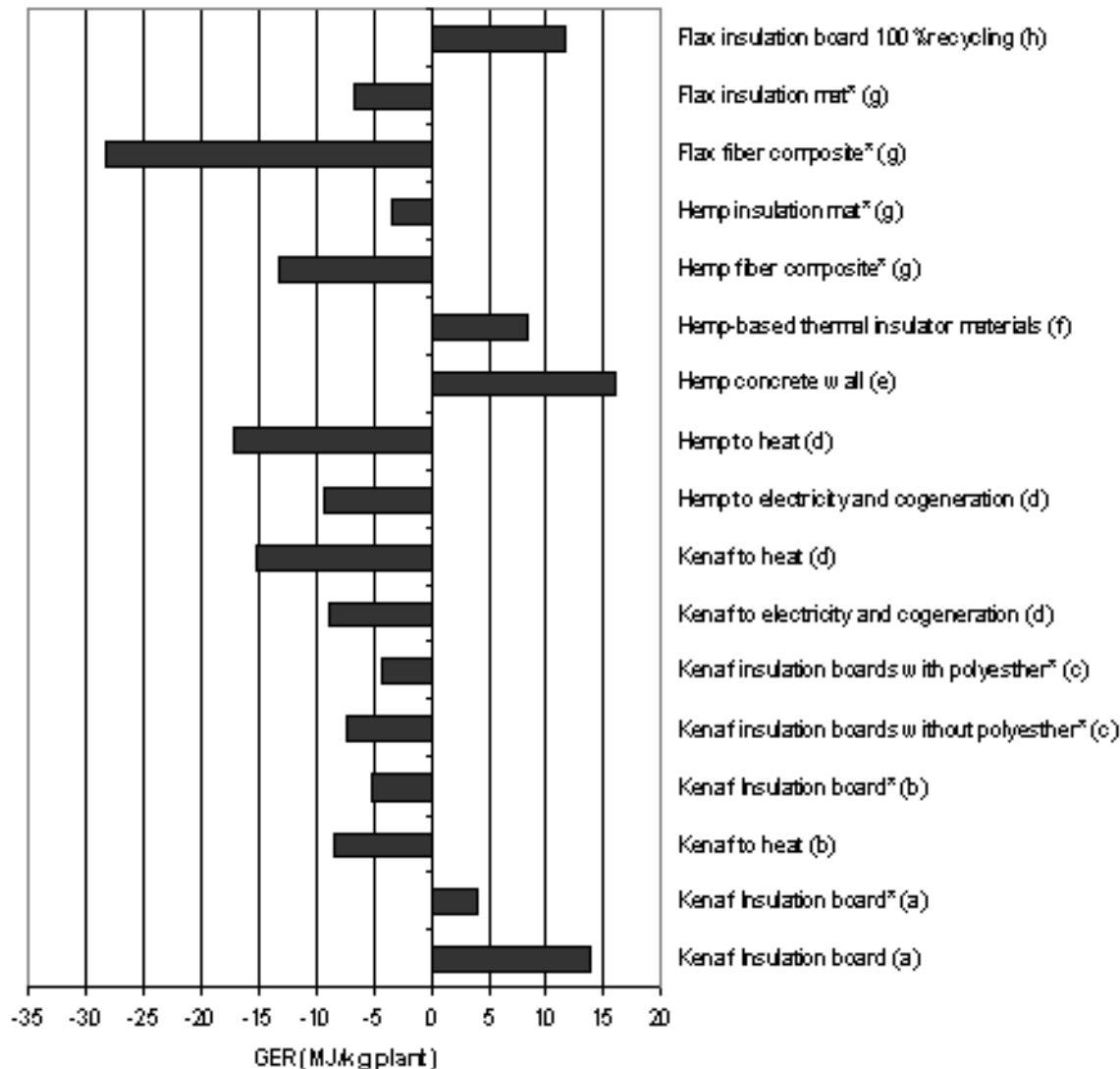
Dedicated crops - Which crops?





www.bio-based.eu/IBIB

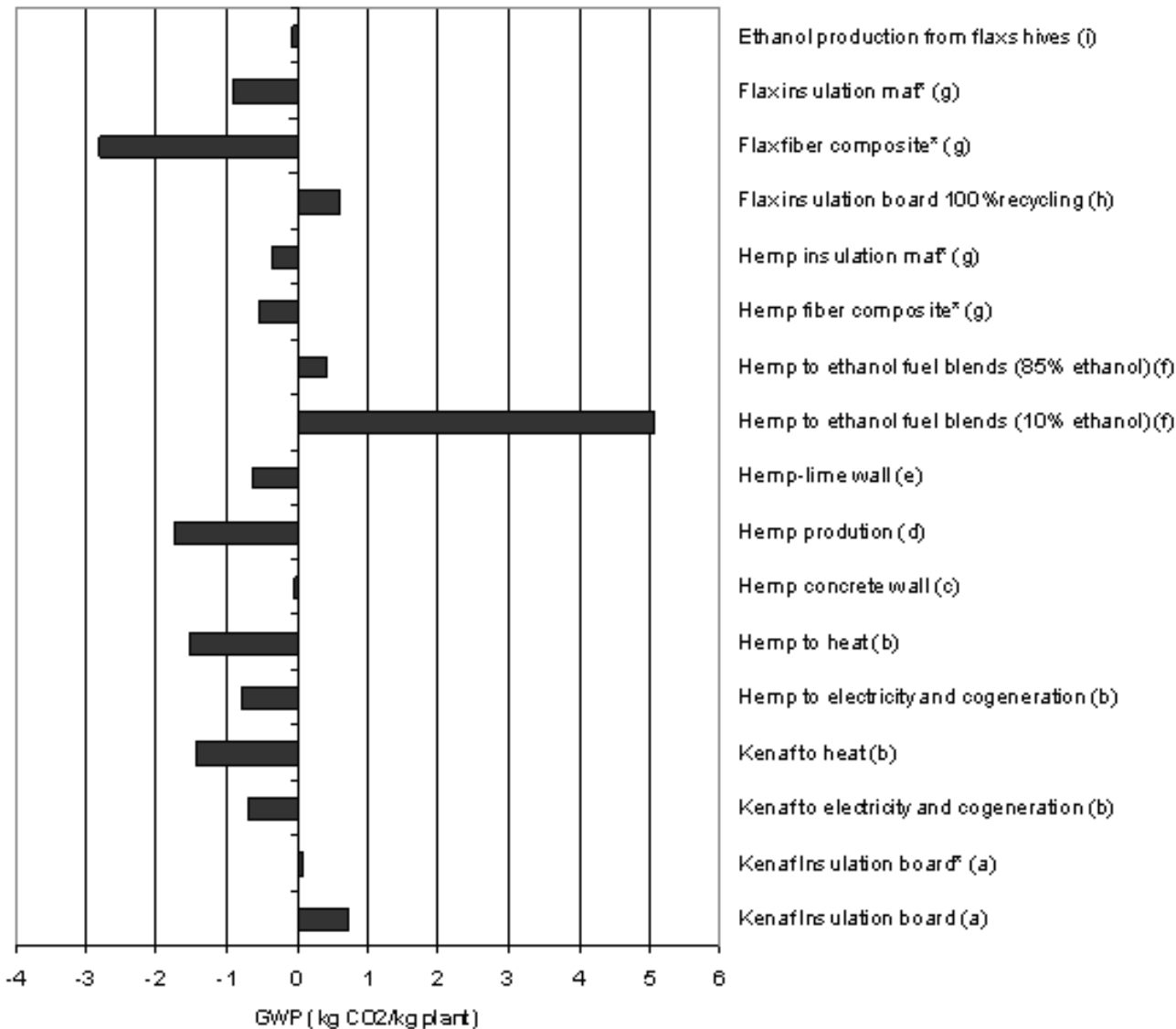
Some environmental benefits



**Fossil
Energy
savings**

Fernando et al. 2014

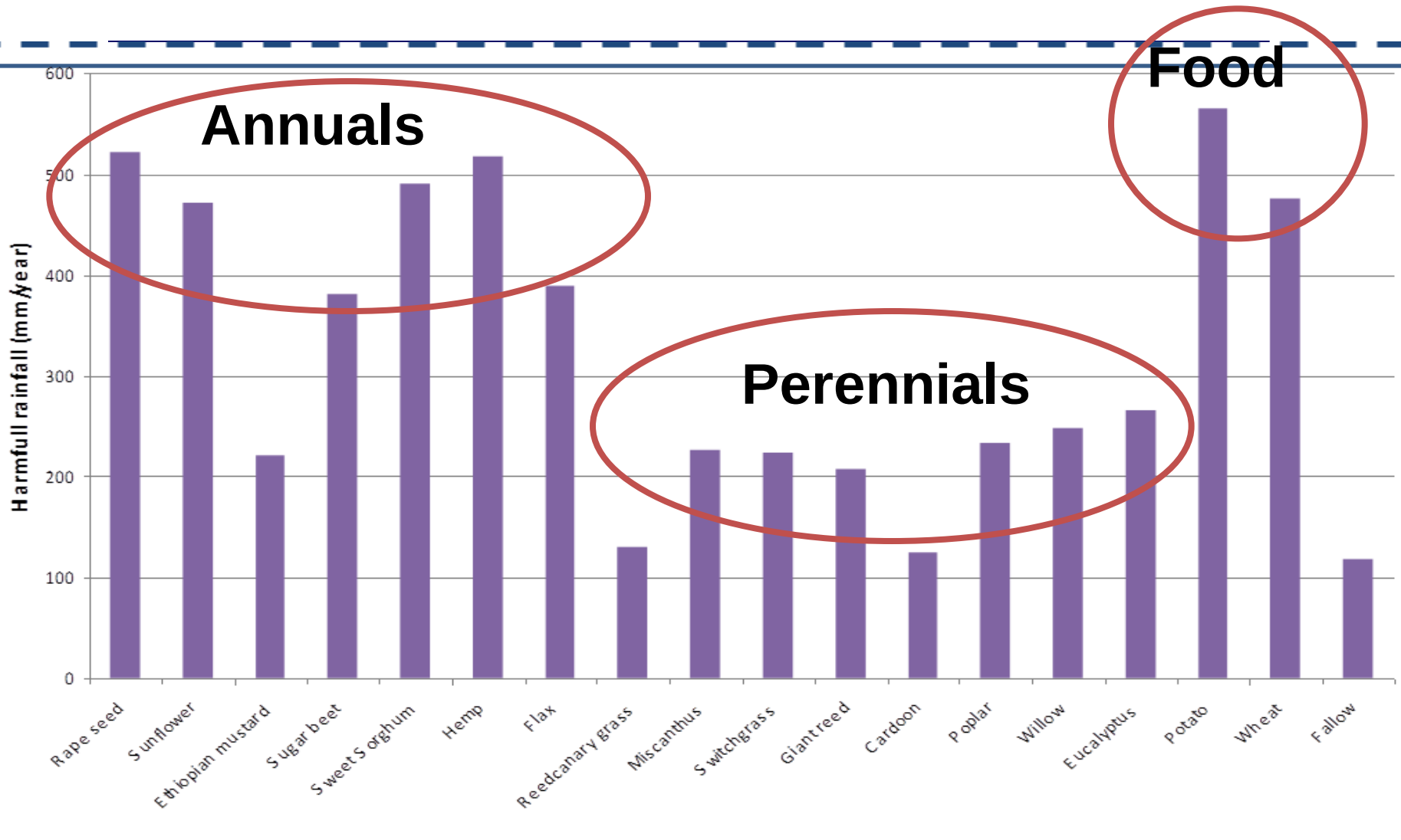
Some environmental benefits



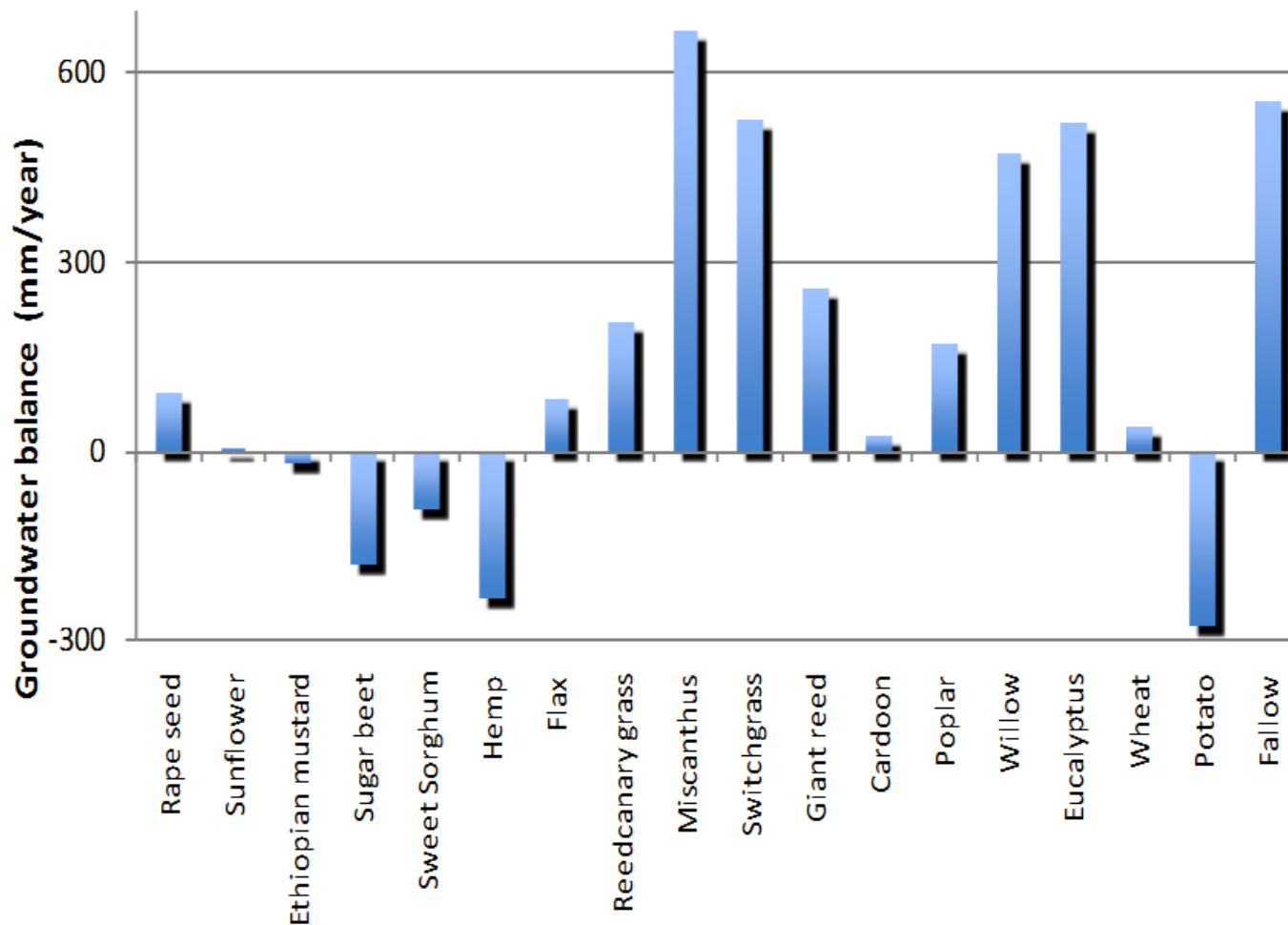
**GWP
reduction**

Fernando et al. 2014

Soil erosion impact



Impact on water resources – water balance

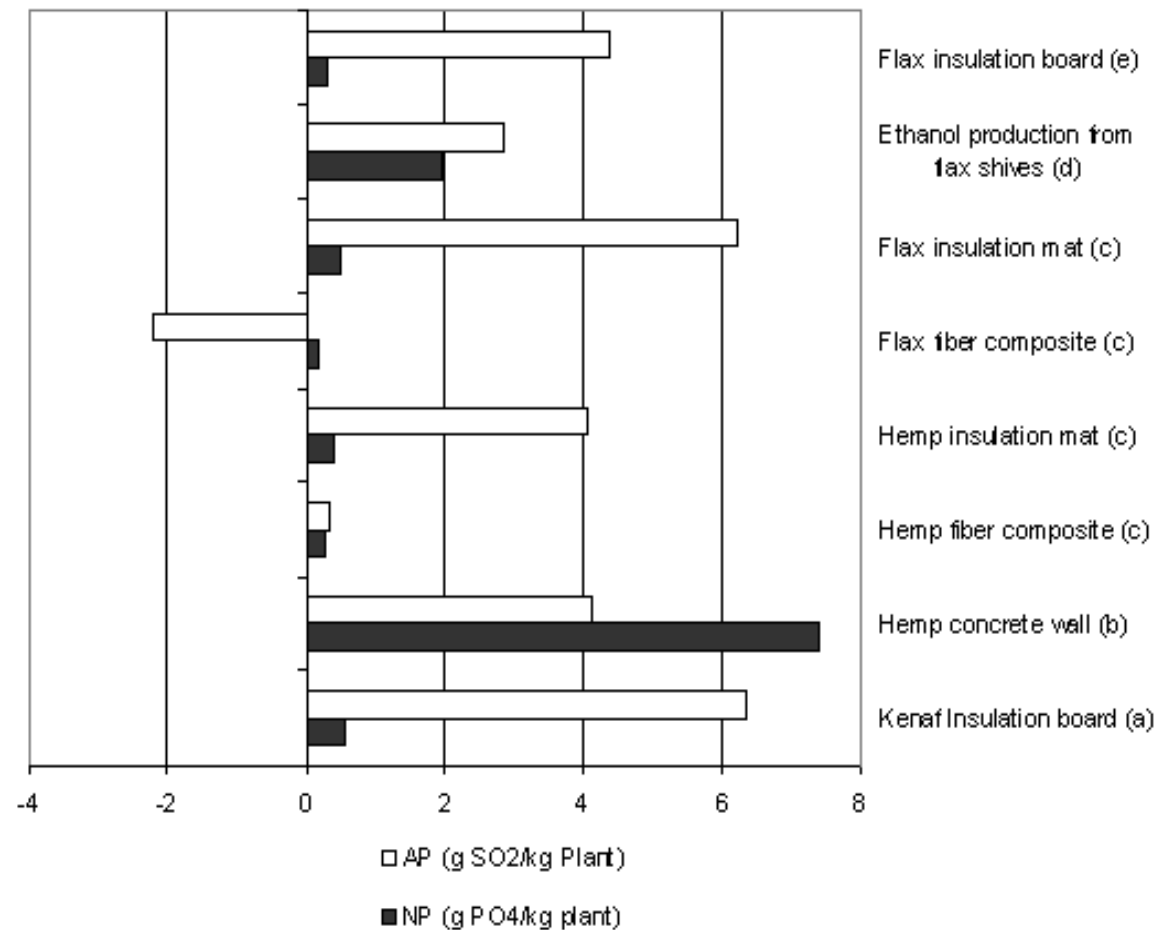


⇒ In Europe, most crops sufficed by rainfall

⇒ Allocation ↑
water-demanding crops to regions
↑precipitation

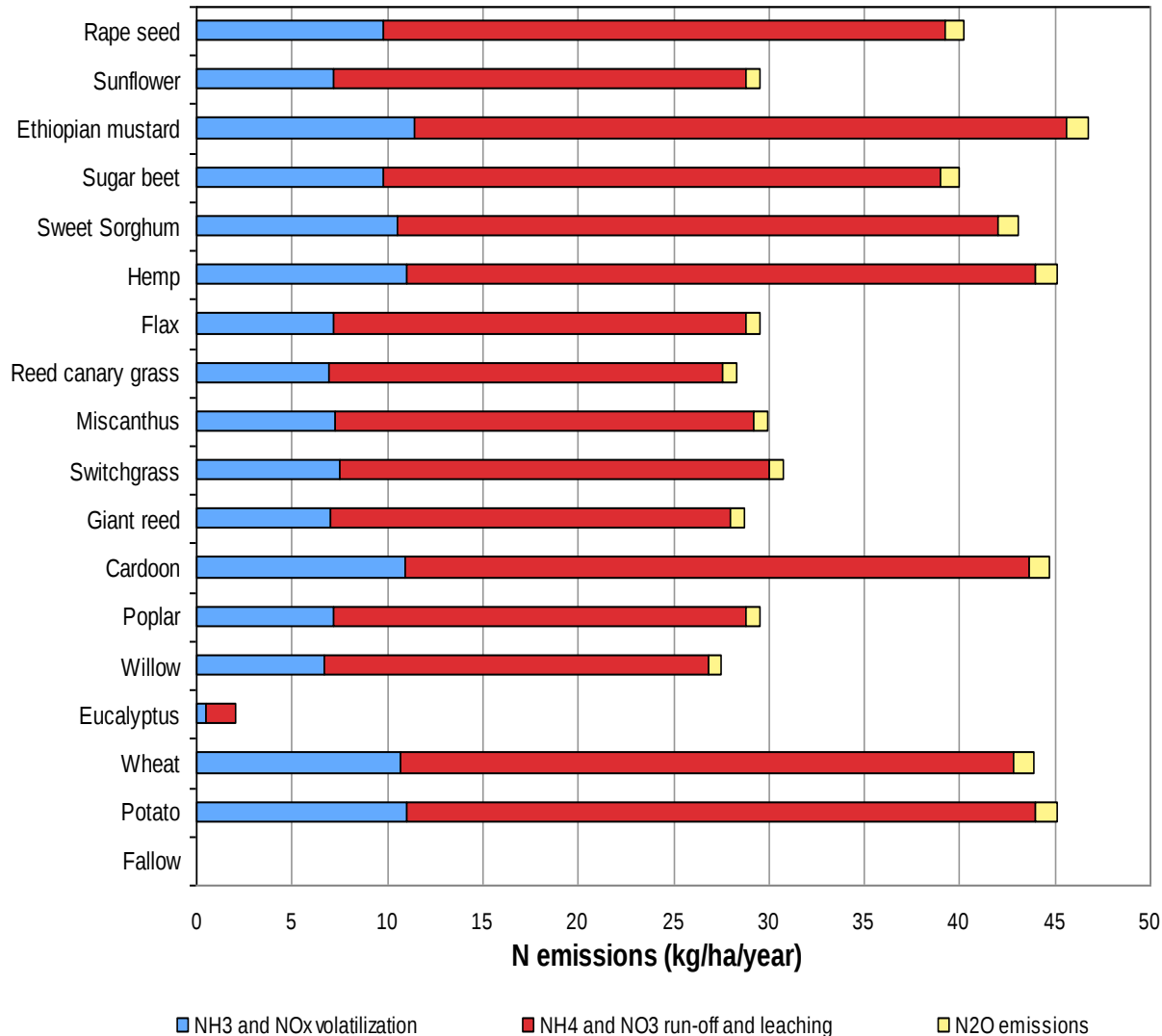
⇒ Irrigation with WW...

Only positive aspects? No...



⇒ **High acidification and eutrophication potential**

Only positive aspects? No...



⇒ N emission
to soil, air,
water

During
cultivation

How to increase sustainability?

⇒ Balancing pros and cons!

⇒ More info on

⇒ Crop management

⇒ Processing options

⇒ Turning residues into sub-products

Case study – Miscanthus



Energy



Paper



MDF



Automobile interior doors



Roof cover



Animal bed

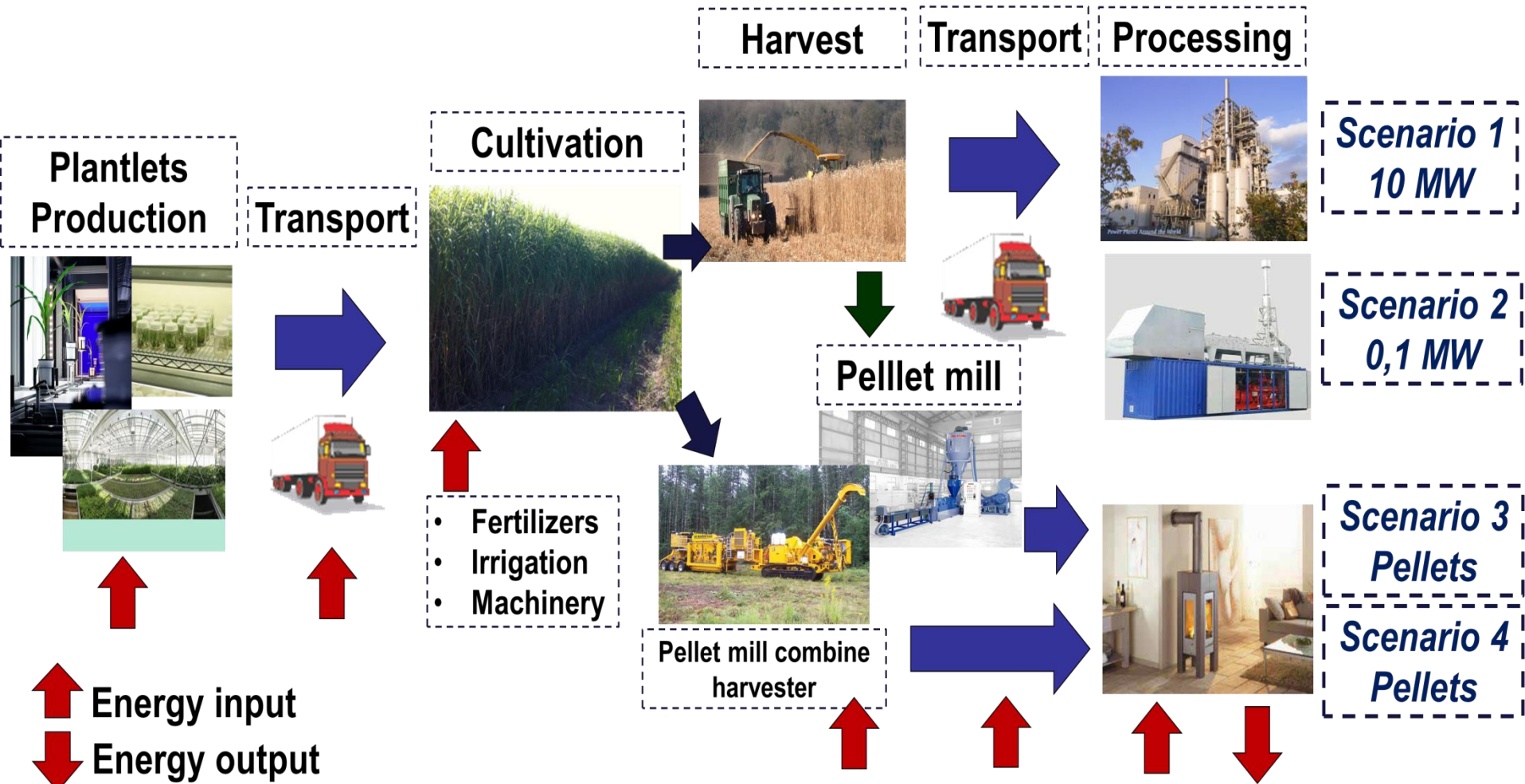


Biopots™

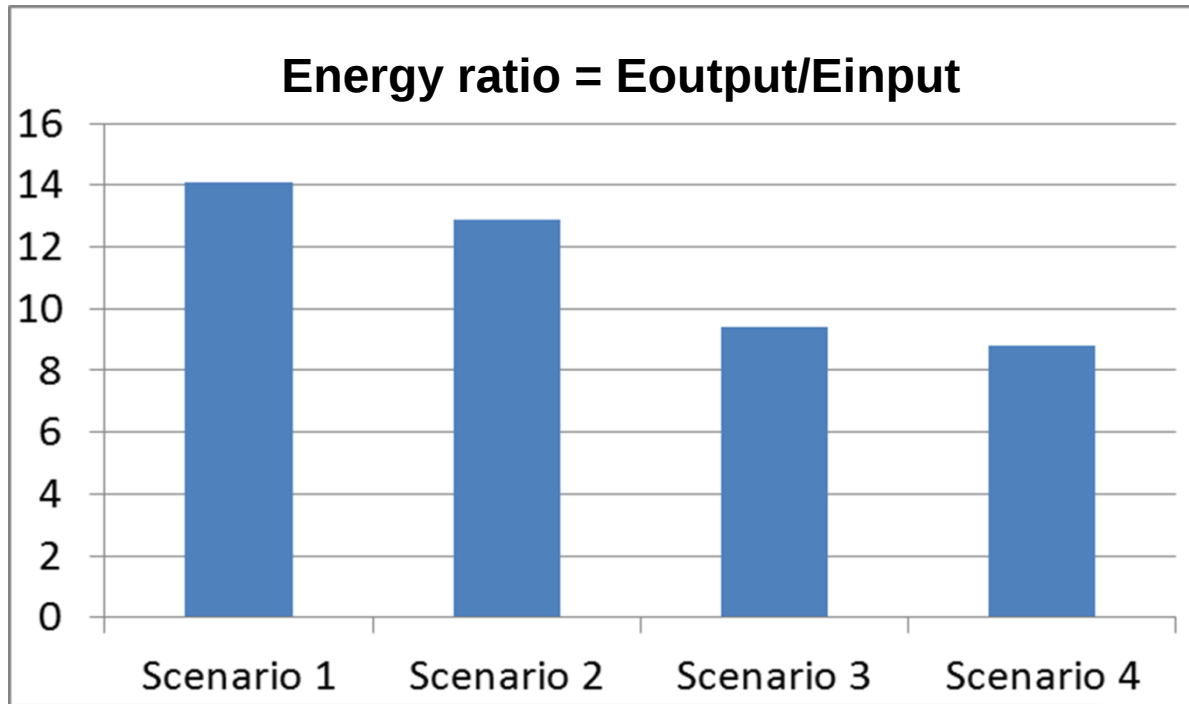


Compost

Case study – Miscanthus



Case study – Miscanthus

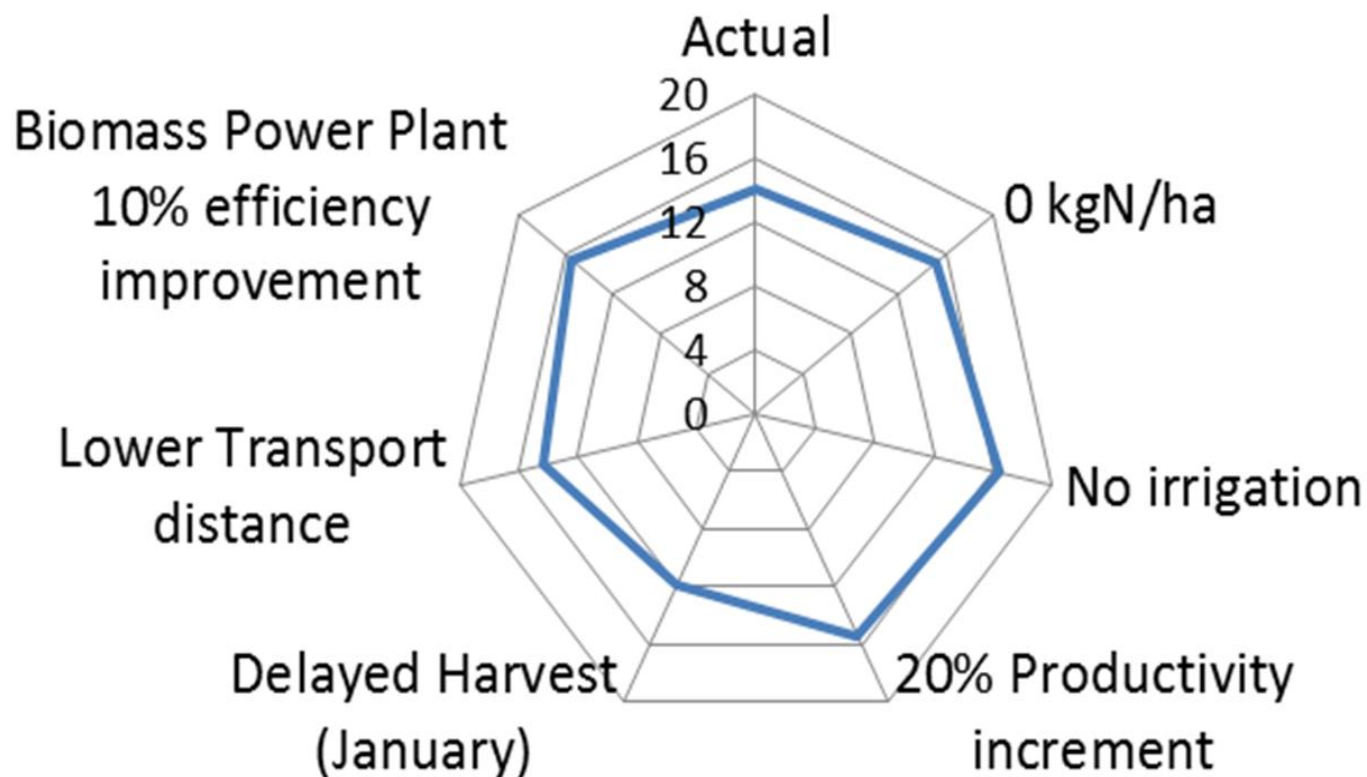


Cipriano and Fernando 2012



Case study – *Miscanthus*

Sensitivity Analysis



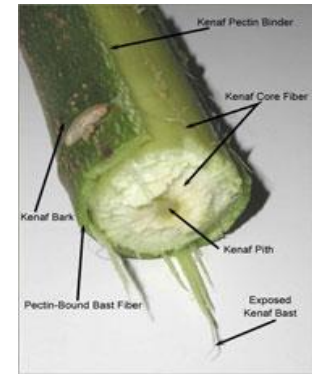
Cipriano and Fernando 2012

Case study - Kenaf (*Hibiscus cannabinus* L)

⇒ Yielding high quality lignocellulosic material

⇒ Both for energy and fibre production

- Cordage crop
- Paper products
- Building material
- Absorbents



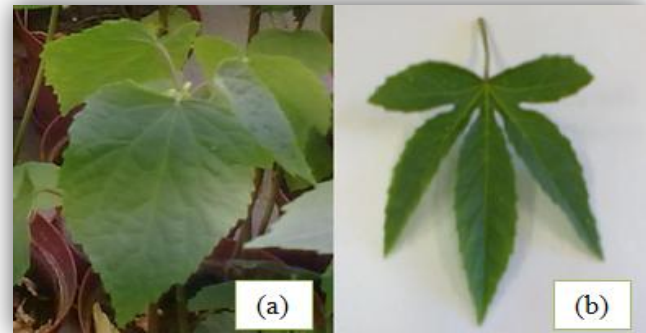
Case study - Kenaf (*Hibiscus cannabinus* L)

⇒ Seeds, flowers, leaves
⇒ source of biopharmaceuticals

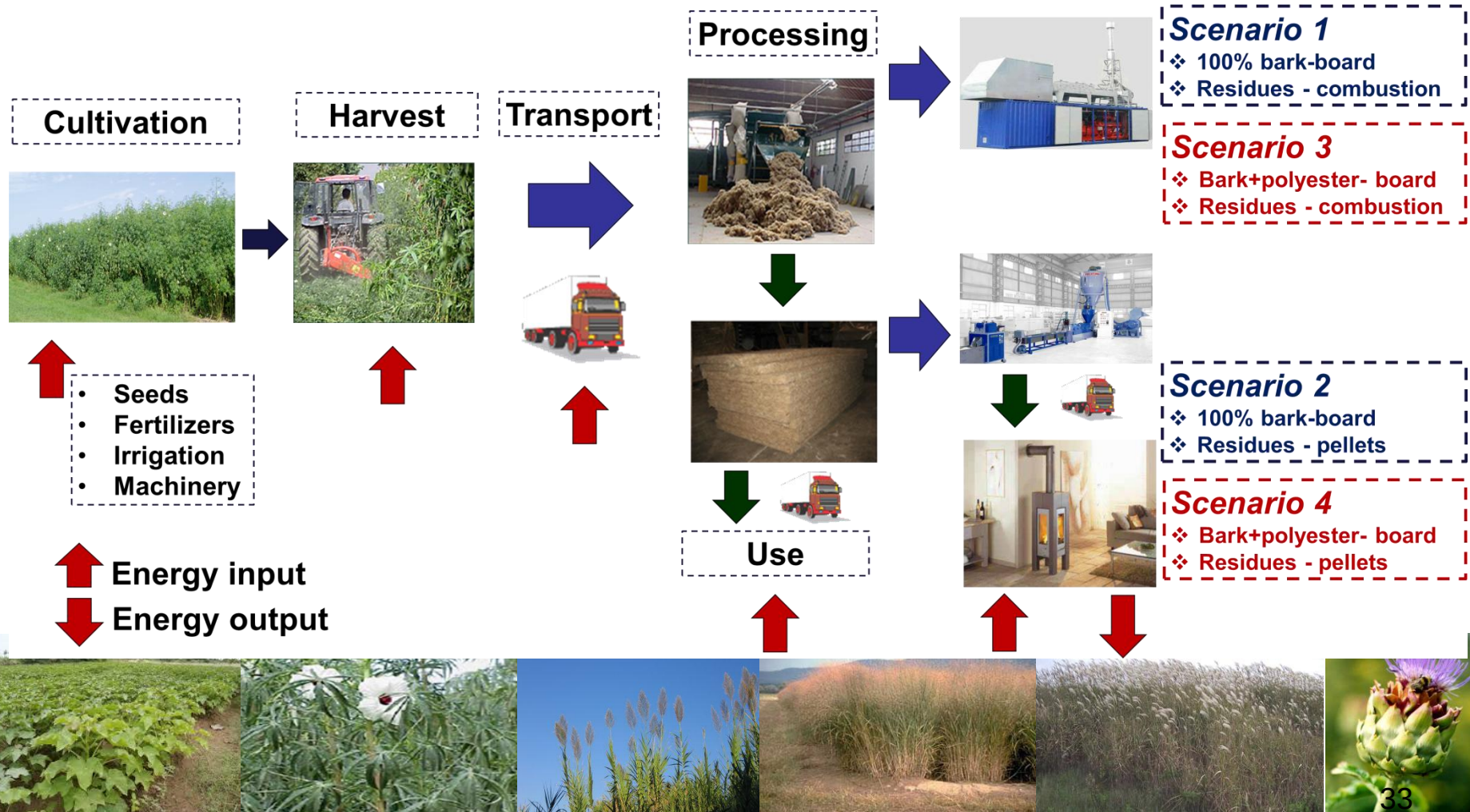
- pharmacological effects
- Antioxidant activity



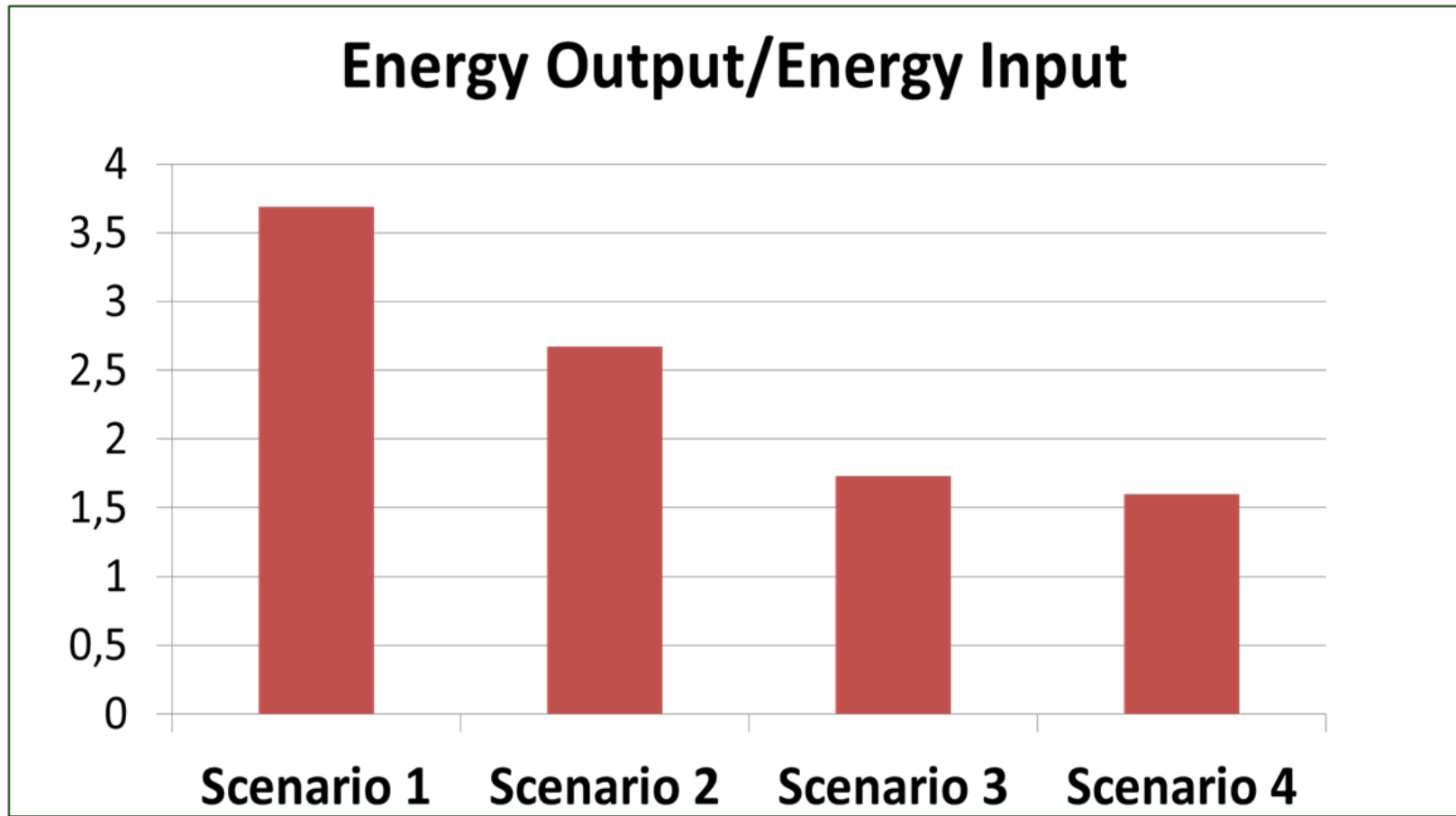
Less studied



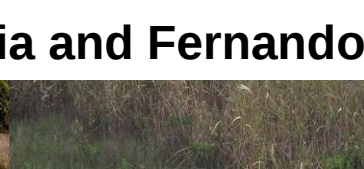
Case study - Kenaf (*Hibiscus cannabinus* L)



Case study - Kenaf (*Hibiscus cannabinus* L)

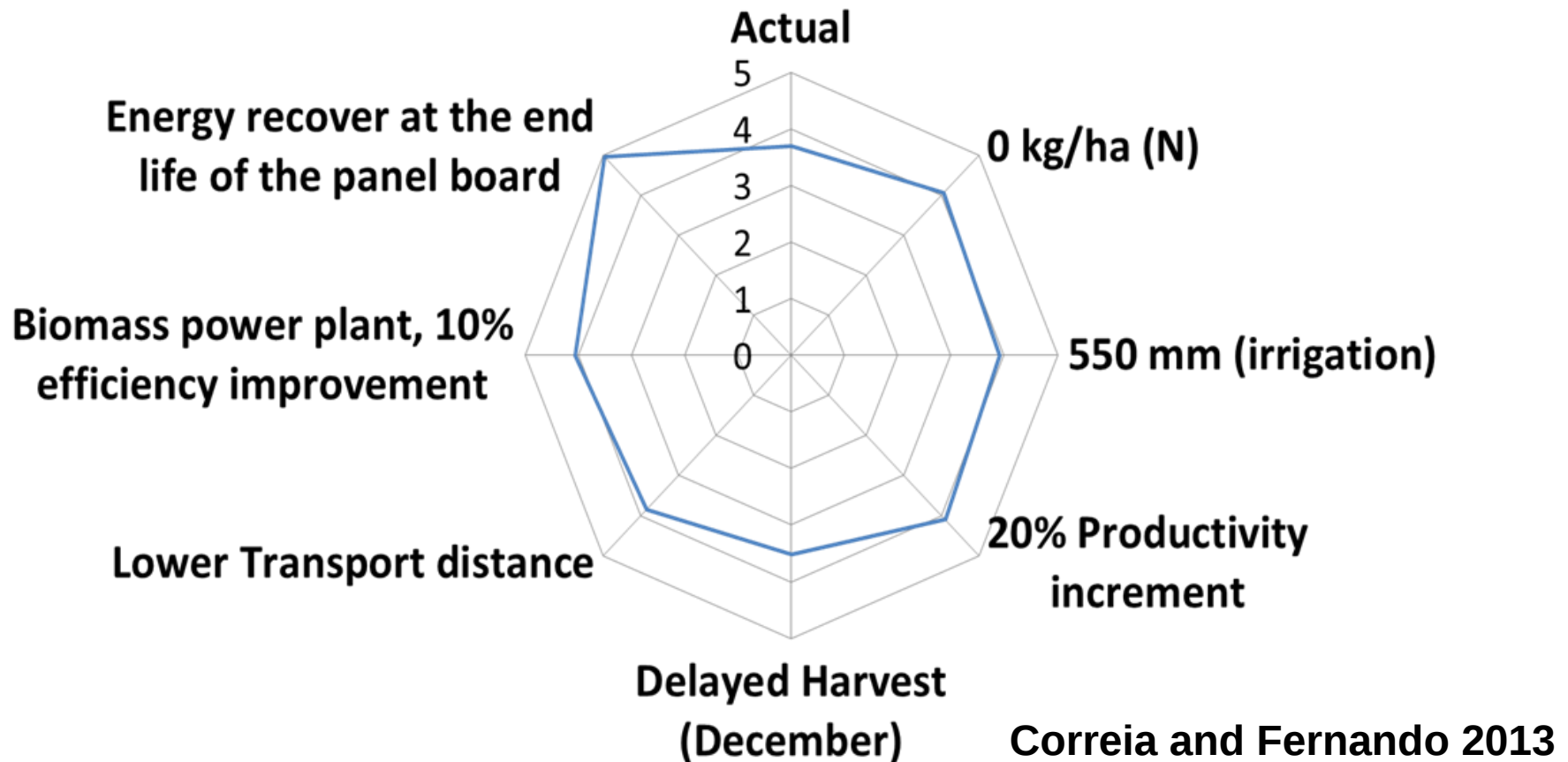


Correia and Fernando 2013



Case study - Kenaf (*Hibiscus cannabinus* L)

Sensitivity Analysis



Correia and Fernando 2013

Concluding remarks

- ⇒ **biobased products vs conventional products**
 - ⇒ **Benefits**
 - ⇒ **Shortcomings**
 - ⇒ **Crop management options and processing choices can influence the outcomes**
 - ⇒ **Site specific factors should be accurately assessed to evaluate the adequacy between crop and location**



Concluding remarks

- ⇒ sustainability of agro-industrial schemes
- ⇒ should root as well on
 - ⇒ technological
 - ⇒ socio-economic assessments



Acknowledgment

Project

“Fiber Crops as a Sustainable Source of Bio-based Materials for Industrial Products in Europe and China”, FIBRA, EU



Thank you for your attention!

